

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Published Date Nov-10-2023 Revision Date Nov-10-2023 Revision Number 2.7

### **1. IDENTIFICATION**

<u>Product identifier</u> Product code Product name Product category	16360 Orange 1600 Series UV Screen Ink
Other means of identification Synonyms	None
Recommended use of the chemic	al and restrictions on use
Recommended use	Industrial Printing Operations
Details of the supplier of the safet	ty data sheet
UNITED STATES	UNITED KINGDOM
Nazdar Company	Nazdar Limited
8501 Hedge Lane Terrace	Barton Road
Shawnee, KS 66227	Heaton Mersey
Tel: +001-913-422-1888	Stockport, England SK4 3EG
Tel: +001-800-677-4657	Tel: +44 161 442 2111

#### Emergency telephone number

Fax: +001-913-422-2294 www.nazdar.com

USA: Chemtrec: +001-800-424-9300 Outside USA: Chemtrec: +001-703-527-3887 24 Hour Emergency Phone Number

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Classification**

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Skin sensitization	Category 1 - (H317)
Carcinogenicity	Category 2 - (H351)
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B - (H360FD)
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1 - (H400)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 - (H411)

#### Label elements



Hazard statements H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No information available.

### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade secret	Note
Glycol Ether Acrylate	Not Available	10 - 30	*	
Acrylated Monomer	Not Available	10 - 30	*	
Acrylated Monomer	Not Available	10 - 30	*	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	1 - 5	*	
Photoinitiator	Not Available	1 - 5	*	
Photoinitiator	Not Available	1 - 5	*	
Photoinitiator	Not Available	0.1 - < 1	*	

\*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### **4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Description of first aid measures

General Advice Eye Contact	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develops, get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed None under normal use conditions.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

#### **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water spray. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No information available.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. May emit toxic fumes under fire conditions. Hazardous polymerization may take place during a fire due to heat. Closed containers could violently rupture.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Sealed containers may rupture when heated.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### **Personal Precautions**

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust or vapor. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

HandlingUse personal protective equipment as required. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this<br/>product. Ensure adequate ventilation.Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilitiesStorageKeep at temperatures between 18°-32°C (65°-90°F). Keep containers tightly closed in a dry,<br/>cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep out of the<br/>reach of children. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces<br/>and sources of ignition.Incompatible ProductsStrong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agent.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV
Triethanolamine	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
102-71-6	-

Chemical name	Ontario TWAEV
Triethanolamine	TWA: 0.5 ppm
102-71-6	TWA: 3.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Chemical name	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Triethanolamine	TWA/VLE-PPT: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
102-71-6	-

### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Individual protection measures, s	uch as personal protective equipment
Eye/Face Protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). If splashes are likely to occur:. Wear suitable face shield. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Skin Protection	Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.
Hand Protection	Chemical resistant protective gloves. Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding >480 minutes of permeation time): eg. nitrile rubber (0.4 mm), chloroprene rubber (0.5 mm), polyvinylchloride (0.7 mm) and other Supplementary note: The specifications are based on tests, literature data and information of glove manufacturers. Taking into account the varying conditions, the practical usage of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing. Due to different glove types, the manufacturer's directions for use should be observed. Replace gloves immediately when torn or any change in appearance is noticed such as dimension, color, flexibility.
Respiratory Protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material.
General Hygiene Consideratio	<b>ns</b> Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Regular cleaning of

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

Physical state Odor	Liquid Sweet Mild Acrylic	Appearance Odor Threshold	Colored No information available
Property	Values	Remarks • Method	_
рН		No data available	
Melting Point / Freezing Point	No information available	No data available	
Boiling Point / Boiling Range	> 149 °C / 300 °F		
Flash Point	> 94 °C / > 201 °F	Pensky Martens Clos	ed Cup (PMCC)
Evaporation rate		No data available	
Flammability Limit in Air			
Upper flammability limit		No data available	
Lower flammability limit		No data available	
Vapor Pressure		No data available	

Vapor Density Specific Gravity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient: n-octanol/wate Autoignition Temperature Hyphen Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity	1.12 er No information available	No data available No data available	
Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	No data available No data available		
Other information			
Photochemically Reactive Weight Per Gallon (Ibs/gal)	No 9.33		
VOC by weight % (less water) 0-1	VOC by volume % (less water) 0-1	VOC lbs/gal (less water) 0-1	VOC grams/liter (less water) 0-1

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Reactivity

No information available.

#### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing. Do not store for longer periods at temperatures above 93°C (200°F).

#### Conditions to avoid

Temperatures above 93 °C / 200 °F. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### Incompatible materials

Inhalation

Ingestion

**Eve Contact** 

Skin Contact

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agent.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide.

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.

Chemical name	Oral LD50
Glycol Ether Acrylate	= 4660 μL/kg (Rat)
Acrylated Monomer	= 5 g/kg (Rat)
Acrylated Monomer	= 5190 mg/kg (Rat)
Triethanolamine	= 4190 mg/kg (Rat)

102-71-6	
Chemical name	Dermal LD50
Acrylated Monomer	= 3600 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Acrylated Monomer	= 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Triethanolamine 102-71-6	> 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Photoinitiator	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)
Photoinitiator	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)
Photoinitiator	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Delayed and immediate effects as	well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Skin corrosion/irritation	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes skin irritation (pain, redness and swelling). (based on components).
Eye damage/irritation	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components).
Irritation	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Corrosivity	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Sensitization	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause an allergic skin reaction. (based on components).
Mutagenic Effects	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Carcinogenic effects	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Suspected of causing cancer. (based on components).
Reproductive Effects	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. (based on components).
STOT - single exposure	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
STOT - repeated exposure	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Chronic Toxicity	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available
Aspiration hazard	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Carcinogenicity	The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	IARC
Acrylated Monomer	Group 2B

Chemical name	OSHA
Acrylated Monomer	Х

### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown acute toxicity

0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

#### The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	99,999.00	
ATEmix (dermal)	99,999.00	mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas)	99,999.00	
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	99,999.00	mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	99,999.00	mg/l

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

<u>Ecotoxicity</u> Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Very toxic to aquatic life. (based on components). Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chamical name	Fish
102-71-6	96h EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: = 169 mg/L
Triethanolamine	72h EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: = 216 mg/L
Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants

Chemical name	Fish
Triethanolamine	96h LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 450 - 1000 mg/L (static)
102-71-6	96h LC50 Pimephales promelas: 10600 - 13000 mg/L
	(flow-through)
	96h LC50 Pimephales promelas: > 1000 mg/L (static)
Photoinitiator	96h LC50 Danio rerio: = 9 mg/L (static)

### Persistence and Degradability

No information available.

#### **Bioaccumulation**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Triethanolamine	-2.53
102-71-6	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
Waste treatment methods		
Waste Disposal Methods	Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations.	
Contaminated Packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
Note:	This information is not intended to convey all specific transportation requirements relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation information can be found in the specific regulations for your mode of transportation. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.	
<u>DOT</u>	Not regulated Exception: In the US and Canada except when all or part of the transportation is by vessel, containers 119 gallons/ 450 Liters and less are not regulated [see 49CFR 171.4 (c)(1)]	
	49CFR 171.4 (c)(2) applies only to marine pollutants. These items may be shipped as "not regulated" and no marine pollutant mark is required if in quantities of 5L or less (per inner packaging) for liquids or 5KG or less (per inner packaging) for solids and the packaging used meets the defined standards [see 49CFR 173.24 for general packaging requirements].	

### ICAO / IATA / IMDG / IMO

#### Not Regulated

ICAO/IATA Special Provision A197 applies only to environmentally hazardous substances, UN3077 and UN3082. These items may be shipped as "not regulated" if in quantities of 5L or less (per inner packaging) for liquids or 5KG or less (per inner packaging) for solids and the packaging used meets the defined standards.

IMDG code 2.10.2.7 applies only to marine pollutants. These items may be shipped as "not regulated" and no marine pollutant mark is required if in quantities of 5L or less (per inner packaging) for liquids or 5KG or less (per inner packaging) for solids and the packaging used meets the defined standards.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

All substances are listed as ACTIVE on the TSCA Inventory. For further information, please contact:. Supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor).

#### U.S. Federal Regulations

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Glycol Ether Acrylate	Not Available	10 - 30	1.0

The above glycol ether acrylate is considered a reactive chemical in ultraviolet curable inks. Once initiated by a high dose of ultraviolet light, this glycol ether acrylate rapidly polymerizes (i.e. hardens) and becomes part of the ink film. The polymerization process of UV curable inks is measured in milliseconds.

#### Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following substances which are listed hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act:.

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Glycol Ether Acrylate	Not Available	10 - 30

### US State Regulations

Chemical name	Massachusetts
Triethanolamine	X
102-71-6	
	Addition of the second s
Chemical name	Minnesota Right To Know
Acrylated Monomer	X
Acrylated Monomer	x
Triethanolamine 102-71-6	х
Chemical name	New Jersey
Glycol Ether Acrylate	X
Triethanolamine	x
102-71-6	

Chemical name	Pennsylvania
Glycol Ether Acrylate	Х
Triethanolamine	X
102-71-6	

#### California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm

Chemical name	California Proposition 65
Acrylated Monomer	Carcinogen

#### <u>Canada</u>

Chemical name	NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory
Triethanolamine	Part 4 Substance - Criteria Air Contaminants
102-71-6	

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend	- Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
TŴĂ	TWA (time-weighted average)
STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value

#### ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
A3 - Animal Carcinogen
IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans
NTP: (National Toxicity Program)
Known - Known Carcinogen
Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen
OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)
X - Present

#### **Revision Date**

Nov-10-2023

#### Pursuant to NOM-018-STPS-2015

This information within is considered correct but is not exhaustive and will be used for guidance only, which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and is applicable to the appropriate safety precautions for the product.

### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

#### **End of Safety Data Sheet**